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WO200262214 Methods of determining concentration of glucose in blood

GLUCOSENS SENSE GLUCOSIDE

WO200317834 Biological signal sensor and device for recording biological signals

incorporating the said sensor

GEN3 GLUCOSENS SENSE GLUCOSIDE

# Methods of determining concentration of glucose in blood WO200262214

# Patent Assignee GLUCOSENS SENSE GLUCOSIDE

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### • International Patent Classification

A61B-005/00 A61B-005/05 A61B-005/053 A61B-005/145

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## Priority Details

2001US-60266774 2001-02-05 2002US-10068603 2002-02-05 2002WO-US03465 2002-02-05

# Fampat family

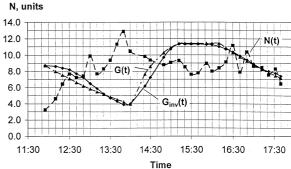
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KR20030031894	Α	2003-04-23	[KR20030031894]
CN1471373	Α	2004-01-28	[CN1471373]
JP2004526482	Α	2004-09-02	[JP2004526482]
US6841389	B2	2005-01-11	[US6841389]

### • Abstract:

(WO200262214)

A method of non-invasive determination of a glucose concentration in blood based on the measurements of the total impedance of the skin of a patient is disclosed. The method is based on a linear model of a first order correlation between the glucose concentration and the total impedance, the model taking into account the rate of change of the glucose concentration. The coefficients used in an approximating function are determined at the preliminary stage measurements by an invasive method.

# G, mmol/l



# Biological signal sensor and device for recording biological signals incorporating the said sensor

### WO200317834

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**GEN3 GLUCOSENS SENSE GLUCOSIDE** 

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2001US-60314925 2001-08-24 2001US-60314950 2001-08-24 2002WO-US27021 2002-08-23 2004US-10782542 2004-02-18

# Fampat family

WO03017834 2003-03-06 [WO200317834] EP1427332 Α1 2004-06-16 [EP1427332] US2004181141 2004-09-16 [US20040181141] Α1 JP2005500116 2005-01-06 [JP2005500116] US6996428 2006-02-07 [US6996428] B2

### · Abstract:

(EP1427332)

The sensor has four electrodes arranged on a common base, three of which are made as closed circuits, placed one into another, whereas the fourth electrode is placed inside the smallest circuit. The external and the central electrodes form a pair of current-feeding electrodes, whereas the electrodes disposed between them form a pair of measuring electrodes. 4 The second design option of the sensor has three electrodes, two of which are made as closed circuits placed one into another, whereas the third electrode is placed inside the electrode that is smaller. The external and the central electrodes form a pair of current-feeding electrodes, and the electrode arranged between them together with the external or the central electrode form a pair of measuring electrodes. The design of sensors makes it possible to use them in combination with biological signal sensors of non-rheographic modality, for example, pulse wave, temperature. The sensor may be incorporated in wristwatch or bracelet. (From US6996428 B2)

